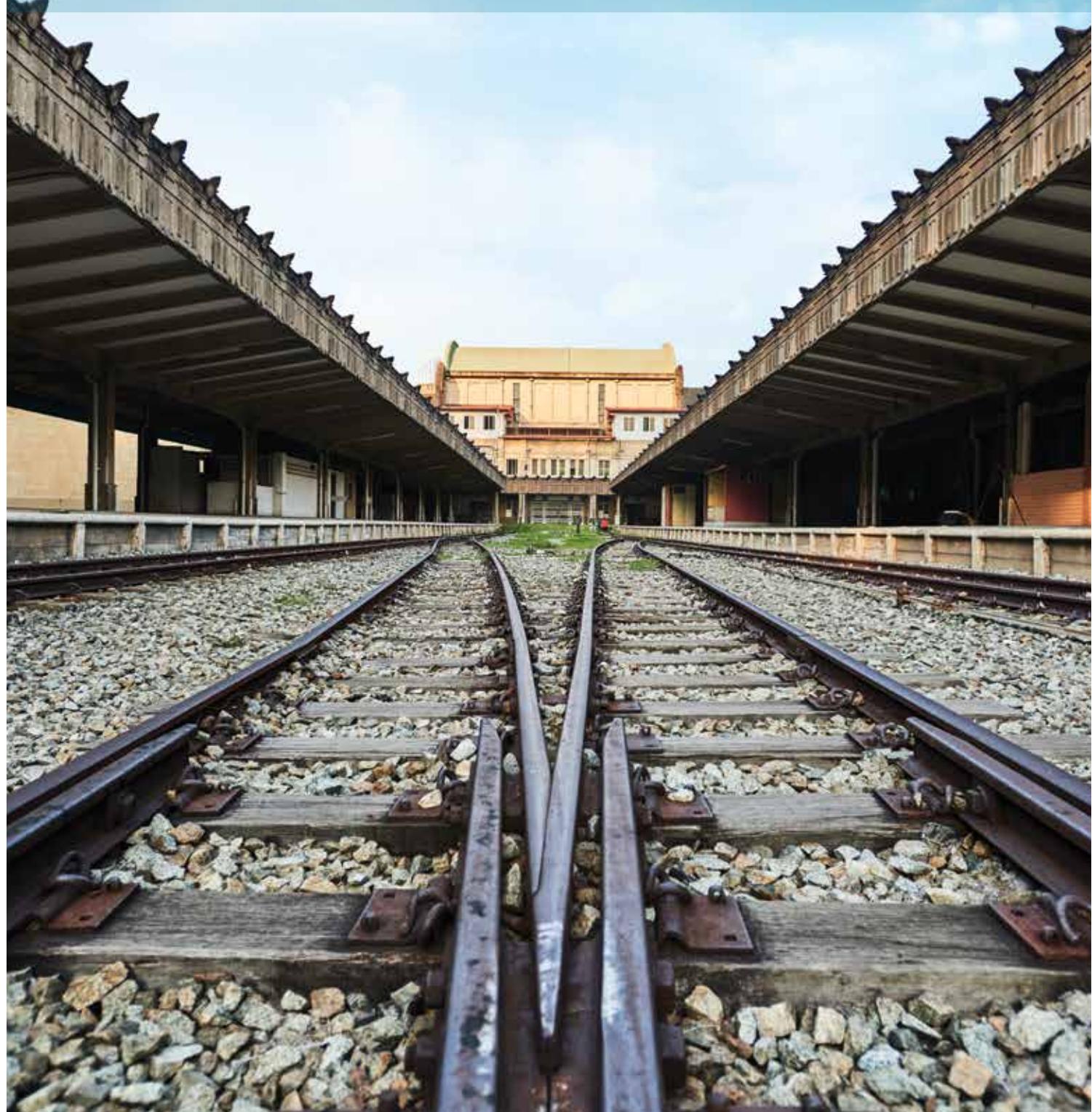


# ANNUAL REPORT

## 2015 / 2016





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; Transforming Places 19

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45



for the benefit of our customers by proactively leveraging on cutting-edge technology.

As the national registration authority, SLA provides the framework for implementation of the Government's land policies and puts in place the legal infrastructure that facilitates effective property transactions for businesses and the public. SLA issues and guarantees land titles in Singapore. SLA is responsible for the maintenance of the national land survey system, where boundaries or legal limits of properties are defined,

Limited Land • Unlimited Space

cadastral survey system. SLA spearheads the use of geospatial information by fostering a national collaborative environment that encourages innovation, knowledge sharing and value creation among public agencies, private enterprises and the community.

For more information, please visit [www.sla.gov.sg](http://www.sla.gov.sg) or find us on Facebook at <https://www.facebook.com/SingaporeLandAuthority>.

• Always Delightful  
• Integrity and Prudence

## MISSION

- providing an efficient management system and guarantee of demarcation of land
- enabling the full better land management and business opportunities

We balance our economic and social needs while:

- ensuring the best use of State land and buildings,

## CORE VALUES

- Nation First
- People Organisation
- Innovation and Dynamism





ted SG50, and celebrated together as a nation by Tanjong Pagar Railway Station on 9 August, with a live screening of the National Day Parade. More led us in this joyous celebration, and this year, we 100,000<sup>th</sup> visitor to the iconic State property. We also the One Historical Map, the first in-house mobile together with the National Heritage Board to enable le momentous changes to the Singapore streetscape

collaboration and enhancing decision-making for city planning and urban solutions. Phase One of the project has produced the biggest geospatial dataset ever collected homogeneously in Singapore, featuring more than 100 terabytes of data and products. When completed, it will form a key component of Virtual Singapore, a 3D digital platform jointly developed by SLA, National Research Foundation (NRF) and Infocomm Development Authority of Singapore (IDA), for use by the public, private and people (3P) and research sectors.

Looking into the future, the Board and I have challenged SLA to push the boundaries of technology, and to embrace innovation. As we move beyond the celebrations of SG50 towards SG100, we must ask ourselves how we can be better equipped to serve the society of tomorrow. While technological advancement can be a major disruptor to business as usual, it also offers us the unique opportunity to innovate our work processes. This will

needs of our diverse community and the development of Singapore take precedence, and we will always bear in mind our mandate to better serve our people by optimising land resources for the economic and social development of Singapore.

SLA would not be where it is today without its people, past and present. Previous leaderships of Kee Yong, Joon Khoi and Vincent Hoong put SLA on strong fundamentals, and have helped SLA overcome challenges in the early years of its formation. Their commitment and dedication must be acknowledged. I would also like to take the chance to thank Hong Kuan, who has stepped down in July 2016, after serving on the Board for six years.

I am humbled that we continue to make a difference through the work we do, and pledge to continue on this journey as we write the next chapter of the SLA story.



v. Prior to this, many of SLA's functions resided in four key the Land Office, the Singapore Land Registry, the Land Systems Support Unit, within the Ministry of Law. Owed the consolidation of these four functions under one organisation, and streamlined the administration of in Singapore into one statutory body.

In the area of technology and geospatial capabilities, in support of Singapore's progress to a Smart Nation, we successfully implemented mandatory Whole-of-Government geotagging for datasets across all agencies. This represented a significant milestone for agencies to manage information geospatially to enhance business processes and service delivery. Through better management of such data and information, this has also allowed the Municipal Services Office and all other public agencies to better manage requests in a targeted manner to address municipal issues island-wide. Concurrently, we strengthened our internal collaboration with public agencies to streamline our work processes and service delivery, and co-developed a Multi-agency Exchange System (MAX) which automated consultation processes amongst participating agencies, resulting in better service delivery to landowners and more timely and accurate capture of land data.

In the Pro-Enterprise Panel (PEP) and Singapore Business Federation (SBF) Awards. We also successfully obtained our Business Excellence 4-in-1 certification, comprising the re-certification of Singapore Quality Class (SQC) STAR, People Developer Standards (PDS), Singapore Innovation Class and Singapore Service Class. Re-affirming our commitment to place people at the centre of our work, we were awarded two Leading Human Resources (HR) Practices Awards in "Employee Engagement and Alignment" and "E-HRM" at the SHRI Awards 2016. We were also conferred the Special Recognition Award for "Best Use of HR Technology" at the HRM Awards 2016. This served as an affirmation of our efforts to leverage on technology to improve our employee experience and culture and prepare SLA to be future-ready.

On the international front, SLA clinched the Be Inspired Award for "Innovation in Government" at Bentley's Year In Infrastructure 2015 Conference for our efforts

CC Pre and post-SLA formation, we have played a key role in Singapore's land use, and we continue to see this a going forward.)

- ii. An authoritative and accurate land ownership framework; and,
- iii. An innovative land data and geospatial system and infrastructure.

These three thrusts will bring us closer to our goal of a future-

As SLA reaches its 15th year juncture, our commitment is to continue being a relevant and ready public sector organisation. To this end, we have recently refined our short and medium term strategy, along the following key strategic thrusts:

A - - - - - E - - - - - F - - - - - G - - - - - H - - - - - I - - - - - J - - - - - K - - - - - L - - - - - M - - - - - N - - - - - O - - - - - P - - - - - Q - - - - - R - - - - - S - - - - - T - - - - - U - - - - - V - - - - - W - - - - - X - - - - - Y - - - - - Z - - - - -

In recognition of our commitment to enterprise, SLA was ranked



**Wong Hong Kuan**  
(stepped down on 31 July 2016)  
**Director**  
Corrupt Practices  
Investigation Bureau



**Ang Cheng Hock**  
**Senior Counsel**  
Partner, Allen and  
Gledhill LLP



**Lai Huen Poh**  
**Managing Director**  
RSP Architects Planners  
and Engineers (Pte) Ltd

Mr Wong was appointed Director, Corrupt Practices Investigation Bureau in October 2013. Prior to that, he held many key appointments within Public Service including the Chief Executive of the Singapore Workforce Development Agency, Deputy Commissioner of Police (Policy), and Director (Operations) Singapore Police Force.

Mr Wong is also a member of the SLA Board's Audit Committee.



**Walter Fernandez**  
**Editor-in-Chief**  
MediaCorp  
**Managing Director**  
MediaCorp Press

Mr Fernandez is the Editor-in-Chief of MediaCorp. He oversees all news and current affairs content across all of MediaCorp's television, newspaper, radio and digital platforms. He started his career in journalism at Singapore Press Holdings before moving to MediaCorp in 2001. He was previously Executive Editor at Channel NewsAsia, before taking over as Editor of TODAY and Managing Director of MediaCorp Press. He assumed his current appointment as Editor-in-Chief in July 2013. He is also concurrently a member of the Board of Directors of the Singapore Civil Service.



**Tham Kui Seng**  
**Non-Executive Director**  
Straits Trading Company Ltd

Mr Tham has considerable business experience in various industries, including more than 10 years in the real estate industry. Previously, he was the Chief Corporate Officer of CapitalLand Limited as well as the Chief Executive Officer of CapitalLand Residential Limited. Currently he is a Non-Executive Director of a number of companies, including Sembcorp Industries Ltd and Global Logistic Properties Ltd. He is also a Corporate Advisor for Temasek International Advisors Pte Ltd.

Mr Tham is also Chairman of the Finance and



Mr Lim also other financial institutions Holdings Business Group, Mr Lim Finance Corporation Ltd in Japan and ST board of Governors at Ian Resource



**Lock Yin Mei**  
(Wer 1 August 2016)  
**Partner**  
Allen & Overy LLP



**Yeoh Oon Jin**  
(Wer 1 August 2016)  
**Executive Chairman**  
PwC Singapore



**Tan Boon Khai**  
**Chief Executive**  
Singapore Land Authority

Ms Lock is qualified to practice law in Singapore, England and Wales and the State of New York. An area of practice that covers cross-border markets, mergers and acquisitions, and regulatory advice. Ms Lock has been serving on the Board of National Healthcare since 2014. She is also a member of the Committee (Continuing Professional Development) of the Singapore Institute of Legal Education.

Ms Lock is also a member of the SLA Board's Financial and Investment Committee.



**Dr Chong Yoke Sin**  
(Wer 1 August 2015)  
**Chief Executive Officer**  
Integrated Health  
Information Systems

Dr Chong has 32 years' experience in the IT industry. She is the CEO of Integrated Health Information Systems that architects, manages and operates highly integrated medical and administrative systems across Singapore's public healthcare sector. She was previously CEO of NCS, the largest systems integration company in Singapore, and was instrumental in its growth as a regional IT company with businesses in China, Australia, Middle East and Southeast Asia. She is also chair of the Worldwide Healthcare Information and Management Systems Society (HIMSS) Asia Pacific Governing Council. She is also a board member of the Republic Polytechnic, Singapore.



Wei Wei Chang's numerous architectural projects have received both local and national critical acclaim, have been featured in many regional and national publications. Mr Chang's works have also been cited internationally, at the Venice Architectural Biennale (2005 and 2006) at the Aedes Gallery, Berlin (2006 and 2013). Recognition of his contributions to Singapore's architectural scene, in which he was conferred the President's Design Award (Designer of the Year), the nation's highest honour for design. He is currently a visiting Professor in Practice at the Department

## **Deputy Chief Executive Commissioner of Land**

Mr Ong oversees Lai Operations, GeoSpatial and Corporate matters. He supervises State sales, acquisition and leases, and the creation of the national geospatial development framework for public agencies to use geospatial data. Concurrently holding statutory appointments, Commissioner of Land, he is responsible for management of all State land and assets to generate revenue and provide advice on land policies.



Bryan Chew



Simon Ong

## **Manimegalai Vella:**

**Director  
Legal Division**

Ms Velasamy oversees the Legal Division which provides legal advice services on policy and all civil, corporate and commercial matters involving SLAs.

**Ng Siau Yong**  
**Director  
GeoSpatial Division**



Tang Kwang Boon



Tan Boon Khai



Thong Wai Lin



Yap Chung Lee



## **Chief Executive**

Mr Tan joined SLA as Chief Executive on 1 May 2015. Prior to this, he was with the CapitaLand Group from 2010 to 2015 where he held senior management positions, including Regional General Manager (Singapore and Malaysia) for The Ascott Limited. He is a lawyer by training and was previously with the Singapore Legal Service, holding appointments including District Judge in the former Subordinate Courts of Singapore and Deputy Senior State Counsel/ Deputy Public Prosecutor in the Attorney-General's Chambers of Singapore.

## **Deputy Chief Executive Planning and Policy**

Mr Wong holds two appointments. As Director for Land Sales, his position, she is in charge of compulsory land acquisition, manages the sale of land, lease extension as the lifting of title deeds. As Director for Planning and Policy, she is responsible for Enterprise Management and the formulation of key land policies to use land resources for economic and social development of Singapore.

## **Wong Lee**

**Director  
Operations (Public)**  
(July 2016)

oversees land management matters relating to public agencies. He oversees the Land Management Services responsible for maintenance of vacant land and buildings to uphold the interests of the public.

**Seline Low**  
**Deputy Registrar of Land Deeds  
and Controller of Vital Property**

oversees the Land Registry which is responsible for, inter-alia, the registration of all property

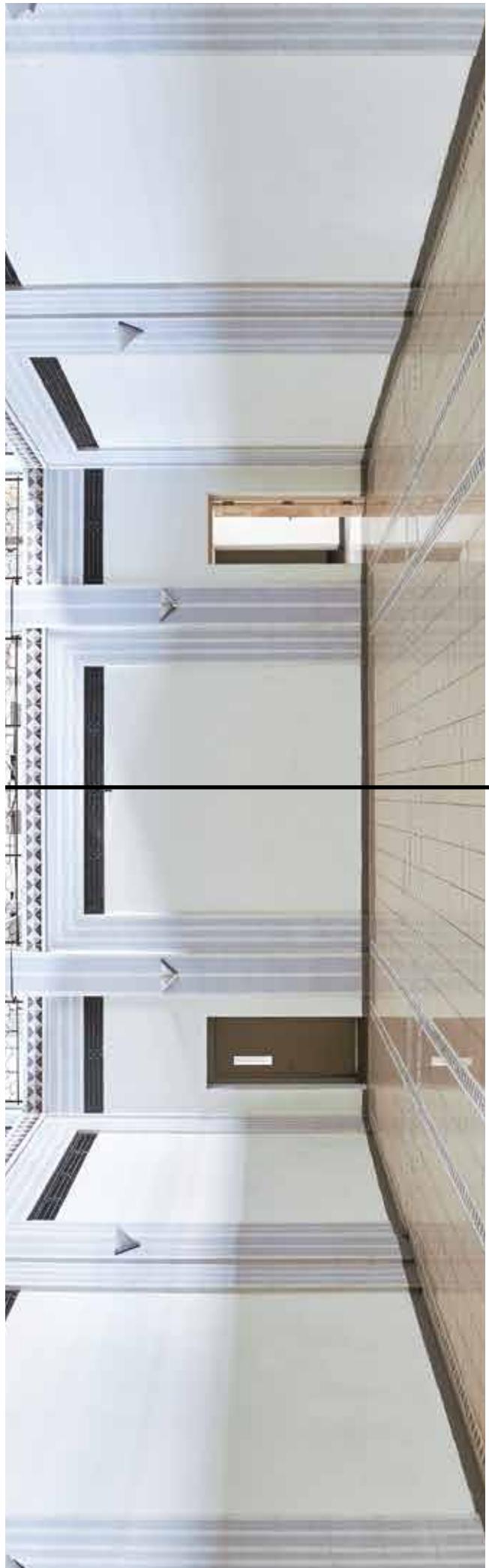


Lee Seng Lai



Lee Seng Lai





## AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee assists the Board in discharging its statutory responsibilities. It meets with SLA's internal and external auditors to review their audit plans, audit observations and the annual audited financial statements.

**Chairman**  
Mr Philip Yuen

**Members**  
Mr Wong Hong Kuan  
Mr Lai Huen Poh  
Mr Ang Cheng Hock  
Mr Yeoh Oon Jin

## HUMAN RESOURCE COMMITTEE

The Human Resource Committee

**Chairman**  
Mr Lim Sim Seng

**Members**  
Mr Tan Boon Khai  
Mr Han Kok Juan  
Mr Walter Fernandez  
Mr Ho Chee Pong

## FINANCE AND INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

The Finance and Investment Committee assists the Board in reviewing the Authority's budget and spending, and strengthening its financial policies, so as to drive financial discipline and ensure financial sustainability in the long run. In addition, the committee reviews and strengthens the Authority's investment policies and monitors investment performance, balancing risk and

## TECHNOLOGY ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The Technology Advisory Committee assists the Board in guiding and overseeing the Authority's technology strategies and overall direction for meaningful and innovative use of technologies to support SLA's functions and services.

**Chairman**  
Dr Chong Yoke Sin

**Members**  
Mr Tan Boon Khai  
Mr Tham Kui Seng  
Mr Mok Wei Wei

## ERM FRAMEWORK

SLA has implemented the Enterprise Risk Management

stakeholders' value. The ERM process comprises the following:

- Identify and assess risks
- Develop the organisation's risk profile and response
- Monitor and report risks and controls

The risk management process has been integrated with SLA's internal audit plan. Risk management within SLA is a continuous and developing process. The risks, controls and their indicators are reviewed on a regular basis to ensure continued relevance to the changing business environment.

## INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Internal Audit Department is an independent function that

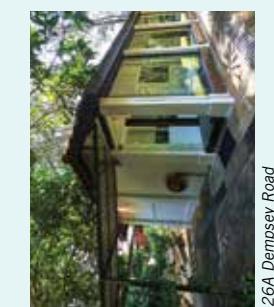


**2003**

### **STARS ELODGMENT**

STARS eLodgment System (ELS) is a web-based electronic lodgment system launched in 2003. It provides easy-to-use electronic forms to help users prepare and submit online, instruments to register land transactions. The status of instruments submitted for registration is tracked via the system. ELS also provides online enquiry of statements of accounts and other billing information.

shed on 1 October 2002, is a one-stop providing timely property rental nation on about State properties. It State properties earmarked for immediate development put up for rent in term period. The site lists space for residential, commercial, or institutional as well as the online updates under openings,ings and awards.



264 Dempsey Road



26A Dempsey Road

Open field at 2 Tampines St 92 (Former Tampines IIE)

**2005**

### **LAUNCH OF IDEAS TENDER SCHEME**

The Ideas Tender Scheme was launched in August 2005 to encourage businessmen and entrepreneurs to pursue innovative ideas for uses of State properties. The scheme allowed tenderers to provide new or alternative ideas, instead of restricting them to the pre-approved uses. The successful tenderer's idea would only be revealed at an appropriate time after the tender had been awarded.

In 2004, SLA introduced the co-ordinated cadastral system to replace the old cadastral land survey system. This new system defines property boundaries by co-ordinates, rather than bearings and distances. With the modernisation of our cadastral survey system, it enabled the utilisation of technologies such as Global Positioning System (GPS) and electronic submission to improve data integrity and productivity.



35 Hengdon Road

**2006**

### **TANGI OF LIFE ARTS**

To ensure works to be open to cater to Two lanes as informed power supply to ensure the old areas represented creative lease of their unique village.



2wood Hill,

**07**

## **DMARK NAGE IN LAND UISION FOR MARKET IPENSATION**

Land with title restrictions are subject to levy of Differential Premium (DP) for enhancement in land value. For transparency to the industry, the DP system is aligned with URA's Development Charge (DC) system. Hence, in year 2007 when URA revised the DC rates from 50% to 70% to allow the Government to capture the gains from value enhancement, SLA similarly adjusted our DP computation to 70% based on the published Table of DC rates.

In 2007, a major acquisition was undertaken by the Government and Acquisition and Disposition (A&D) unit. This unit laid a pivotal role in Singapore's national development. The position of private sector landowner has changed for under and Acquisition. In 2007, a major review was undertaken to enhance landowners' participation in the market of the acquired properties as at the date of the review.

**2008**

## **SLA MOVES TO REVENUE HOUSE**

SLA moved from Temasek Towers to Revenue House on 24 Nov 2008. The move was in line with the Government's efforts to ease the shortage of office space in the central area. Through better optimisation of space usage, we scaled down our space requirements by 24 per cent.

## **FIRST SINGAPORE SPATIAL CHALLENGE**

On 23 April 2008, the final eight shortlisted teams for SLA's first-ever Singapore Spatial Challenge pitted their skills against one another to win not only cash but also the coveted honour of being the inaugural champion.



**2009**

## **SLA CO-ORGANISED MAP ASIA 2009**

of the Challenge. The competition aims to increase the awareness of Geographic Information Systems (GIS) technology in students, and encourage innovative uses of GIS within their community.



*Top and bottom:  
SLA Spatial Challenge 2008*



**2010**

## **LAUNCH OF ONEMAP**

The first intelligent information system OneMap was launched on 31 March 2010. This multi-agency initiative is an interactive online geospatial platform that provides reliable, timely and accurate location-based information and services to the public.



*Launch of OneMap*

## **SLA RANKED 1ST OF 26 PARTICIPATING AGENCIES AT PRO-ENTERPRISE PANEL (PEP) AND SINGAPOR BUSINESS FEDERATION (B AWARDS)**

In 2010, SLA emerged as the most improved agency and clinched the top position in

*SiReNT reference station at Sultan Shoal*

## 2012

### **COLLABORATION BETWEEN SLA AND NYP TO HARNESS THE POTENTIAL OF GEOSPATIAL TECHNOLOGY**

rely on the Netrust digital signatures to verify the authenticity of the payout instruction before processing the release of conveyancing monies to facilitate the completion of the sale and purchase.

### **RETURN OF THE FORMER RAILWAY LAND**

SLA was part of the Malaysia-Singapore Relocation Sub-Committee which coordinated the relocation of the Keretapi Tanah Melayu Berhad (KTMB) station and vesting of the former railway land. Under the Points of Agreement between Singapore and Malaysia, the KTMB station was relocated from Tanjong Pagar to Woodlands Train Checkpoint on 1 July 2011, with Singapore resuming ownership over approximately 24km of Malayan Railway land south of Woodlands Train Checkpoint on the same day. SLA also removed and handed over the railway tracks and ancillary structures along the former railway land to Malaysia on schedule by 31 December 2011.

### **EVENTS AT TANJONG PAGAR RAILWAY STATION (TPRS)**

Since April 2012, many events such as fashion shows, photography sessions and exhibitions have been held at TPRS. In 2015, SLA opened TPRS to the public on public holidays for people to visit the historical monument to enjoy its history and charm. On 9 August 2015, TPRS hosted the SLA SG50 Carnival and carried a live-telecast of the National Day Parade to celebrate Singapore's Golden Jubilee, which attracted 20,800 visitors.

## 2013

### **FIRST PRICE AND QUALITY TENDER**

From November 2013, a revised tender evaluation process was used to evaluate bids put in by childcare and kindergarten operators for State-owned properties. This was a joint effort by the Early Childhood Development Agency (ECDA) and the SLA to further improve the quality and affordability of preschool centres operating on State properties.

### **4GLAMS – USE OF MOBILE APP FOR STATE LAND INSPECTION**

Launched in January 2013, 4gLAMS incorporates the latest mobile technologies to facilitate data collection and decision-making. 4gLAMS allows officers to reach their desired destinations in the shortest time and enables them to "check-in" at land sites and upload photos which will be recorded in the backend support system.

## 2014

### **OPENING OF COMMUNITY PLAYFIELDS**

The playfields of three former educational institutions have been progressively opened for public use since 2014, to provide more space for outdoor sports and recreational purposes. The first field that was opened was the former Manjusri Secondary School, located at 149 Sims Drive. The other two sites were at the former ITE Clementi and ITE Tampines, at 6 Lempeng Drive and 2 Tampines Street 92, respectively. Today, 240 State fields located throughout Singapore are open for public enjoyment as part of SLA's commitment to optimise vacant State land for the benefit of the community.

### **IMPLEMENTATION**

The Project Manager implemented the new title documents charge entity. of loss thereof for the saving no longer document mandatory with d



Children playing soccer at the junction of Rhu Cross and Tanjong Rhu. Photo credit to Arik Chan Jin Kiat

### **AERIAL MAPPING TO CREATE 3D MAPS OF TERRAIN AND BUILDINGS**

In 2014, SLA embarked on the national 3D mapping project. In its first phase, an airborne laser scanning and imaging equipment

# 2016

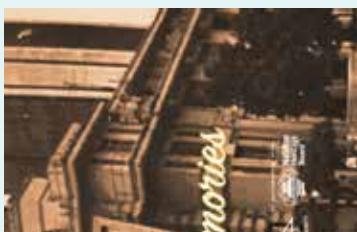
## CREATION OF 3D MAP



Dempsey Cluster, Tanjong Katong

### MOBILE MAPPING TO CREATE 3D MAPS

The first comprehensive mobile mapping project was commissioned in mid-2015 as phase two of the national 3D mapping project. This project was carried out to collect a ground-based laser scanning and 360° panoramic imagery dataset on approximately 6,000 km of roads. The data collected was used to create 3D models of road and street furniture.



### LAUNCH OF NEW SIRENT

SLA launched the new SiRENT system which has the capability to support Global Satellite Navigation Systems from Russia, Europe, United States, Japan and China. The new revamped SiRENT improves real-time high precision positioning, navigation and tracking and supports the autonomous vehicle initiative in Singapore.



SiRENT reference station at Nanyang Polytechnic

### LEGISLATIVE AMENDMENTS TO FACILITATE THE USE AND DEVELOPMENT OF UNDERGROUND SPACE

Amendments to the State Lands Act and the Land Acquisition Act were made to facilitate the Government's long-term planning for the use and development of underground space by clarifying the extent of subterranean land ownership and providing for the acquisition of specific strata of space. More extensive use of underground space in land-scarce Singapore will benefit all Singaporeans as surface land may be used for other purposes, such as parks and greenery, homes and offices.



3D representation of Central B

### IMPLEMENTATION MODEL FOR NEW RESIDENTIAL

Knight Frank Prop tender under the revised model included modifications to the minimum annual rent and cyclic rent. SLA intended to retain the right behaviour in retaining management Agents (MAs) to manage the properties.

### START OF DATA LEASES INTO

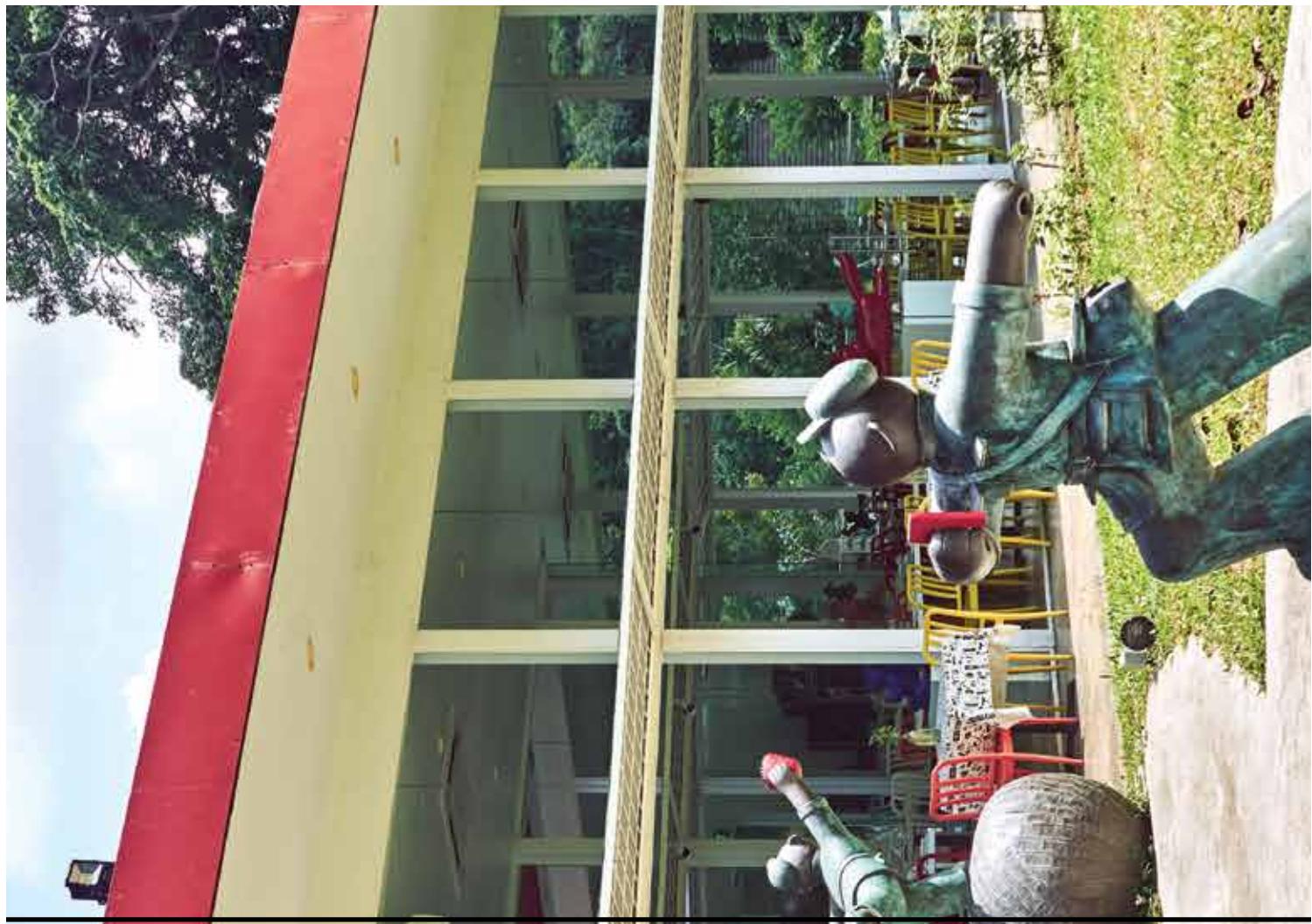
Having completed the implementation of Titles Automated last year, SLA has started to move all paper records to electronic format. Schedule a massive exercise platform through which data will be performed with accuracy and efficiency.

### SLA RANKED 2ND OF 28 PARTICIPATING AGENCIES AT PRO-ENTERPRISE PANEL (PEP) AND SINGAPORE BUSINESS FEDERATION (SBF) AWARDS

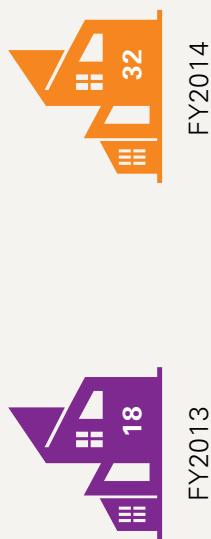
At the Pro-Enterprise Panel (PEP) and Singapore Business Federation (SBF) Awards Ceremony on 25 November, SLA received the PEP-SBF award for achieving 2nd place out of 28 participating public agencies based on a survey conducted annually to assess Government agencies with regulatory functions on how business-friendly they were. Our improvement from 3rd position in 2014 indicated that SLA was moving in the right direction towards the development of a stronger pro-enterprise regulatory environment in Singapore.

### SLA WITH STB TO REOPEN ROAD

SLA optimised the economic needs of the tourism industry (STB), utility (PQ) tender Road for retail The joint effort led to rejuvenate the position as a unique development opportunity PQ tender intent to assess the terms of the



### Public Tender



### OOR AREA OF STATE PROPERTIES MANAGED BY SINGAPORE LAND AUTHORITY (SLA)

Public  
HDB

**740 ha**

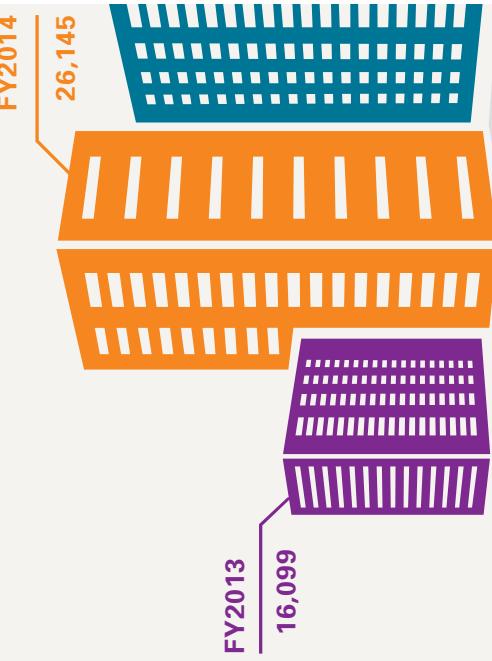
**847.1 ha**

**1 ha**

### REGISTRATION OF DOCUMENTS LODGED FOR PRIVATE



### ISSUANCE OF TITLE DOCUMENTS FOR COMPLETED F



ation of State Buildings as at FY2015 / 2016

vacant properties  
enanted out

**660,774 m<sup>2</sup>**  
Residential



### SLA-MANAGED PROPERTIES IN ESTIMATED GROSS FLOOR AREA

**4 JULY**  
ISO 9001 recertification



Strata Lots (Public and Private)

**43,304**

**54,356**

**30,516**

#### PS, STARS)

#### INLIS TRANSACTION VOLUME

**14,581**

**374,088**

FY2013

**346,462**

FY2014

FY2015

**355,205**

#### Public Service Awards

- Public Service Achievement Award (SLA)
- Star Service Team Award (Land Acquisition Division)
- Best Practice Award for Resource Management (Land Titles Registry)
- PS21 Most Innovative Project/Policy Award (Land Survey Division)
- Star Service Awards and Innovation Champion Awards (Individual Award)

**5 OCTOBER**

- Business Excellence 4-in-1 recertification (SQC, PDS, I-Class and S-CI)
- Bentley Year In Infrastructure Conference

**31 OCTOBER**

- Be Inspired Award for Innovation in Government for “3D National Navigation System”
- Pro-Enterprise Panel (PEP) and Singapore Business Federation (SBF),
- SLA ranked second of 28 participating agencies

**25 NOVEMBER**

**2016**

**If State properties (excluding non-marketable stocks):**

**HRM Awards**



FY2014



FY2015



FY2016

**Utilisation rate of State land:**



Operating expenditure of the Authority increased by 10% (or \$10.8 million) to \$121.8 million for FY2015.



penditure

Operating Surplus

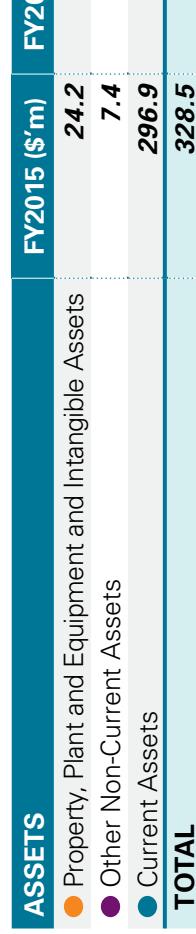
Gross Surplus  
(after Government grants)

Net Surplus

### FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 March 2016, the Authority's financial position strengthened, with total increase of \$25.1 million from a year ago. This was mainly attributable to the FY2015. Total assets of the Authority stood at \$328.5 million, whilst liabilities

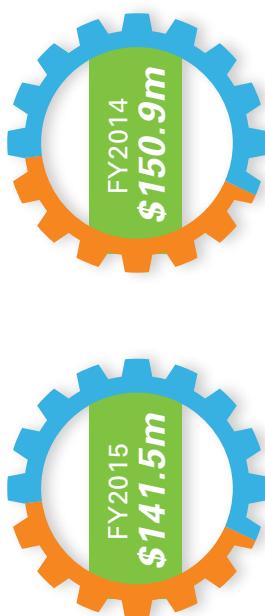
a net surplus of \$23.3 million after Government grants and contribution to increase of 39% (or \$15.2 million) over FY2014.



### Total Equity and Liabilities



nprised  
yes.  
million



FY2014  
\$150.9m



Manpower Base, into a destination hub well loved by locals and visitors alike. On 13 August 2015, SLA, together with the Singapore Tourism Board (STB), conducted a tender to develop Blocks 17 and 18 Dempsey Road, for retail and F&B use which was awarded to COMO Lifestyle Pte Ltd, a subsidiary of luxury retailer Club 21. COMO Lifestyle will bring in multi-label fashion store Dover Street Market, a concept restaurant and bar by renowned French chef Jean-Georges Vongerichten, as well as Candlerut, a popular local Peranakan restaurant. This will significantly contribute to promoting Tanglin Village as a unique lifestyle enclave.

SLA is a supporting partner of this initiative, which will be held on the last Sunday of every month for a six-month pilot scheme. It is hoped that Car-Free Sunday SG will extend beyond these six months and become a permanent event in Singapore.

### **WALKING THE JOURNEY TOGETHER IN LAND ACQUISITION**

#### **CAR-FREE SUNDAYS IN THE HEART OF THE CITY**

On 28 February 2016, Car-Free Sunday SG, an initiative aimed at moving Singapore towards a car-lite and people-friendly city, was launched. A 4.7km stretch of road in the Civic District and parts of the Central Business District was closed to motor vehicles



The White Rabbit at Dempsey Cluster, Tanglin Village



MoCA at Loewen Cluster, Tanglin Village



OneMap e-Prize for the best use of geospatial data. Overall, the hackathon was a useful platform to collaborate and co-create solutions for a Smart Nation.

### GEOHACKTHON 2015

SLA conducted the second GeoHackathon in partnership with the Singapore Civil Defence Force (SCDF), Science Centre Board (SCB) and the National Heritage Board (NHB). Attracting more than 150 participants, GeoHackathon 2015 tapped on the collective brilliance of the community to solve real-world problems using Geospatial Information Science and Technology (GIST). Participants demonstrated the versatility of GIST through the development of prototype apps. These apps addressed a number of our partners' challenges, from improving access to life-saving Automated External Defibrillators (AEDs), building our science knowledge to sharing our local heritage.

### INCREASING AWARENESS OF GEOSPATIAL TECHNOLOGY



SLA has been actively partnering agencies in hackathons and innovation events to promote the use of geospatial information science and technology. One such event is Hackathon@SG 2015. The event involved students and diverse working professionals who created 335 working applications

their potential to support municipal office service delivery.

### SIRENT SUPPORTS GNSS

The Singapore Satellite Positioning Reference Network (SiRENT) infrastructure, which was set up by SLA in 2006, plays a key role in many Smart Nation initiatives such as the Autonomous Vehicle and Intelligent Transportation System.

SiRENT supports the new national property boundary survey system that consists of providing national reference frame for surveying, mapping and GIS, and real-time precise navigation and monitoring.

With the network enhancement in 2015, it now encompasses eight Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) reference stations that operates 24/7. The new SiRENT supports four types of navigation satellites systems i.e. the US Global Positioning System (GPS), the Russian GLONASS, the Chinese Beidou and the Japanese QZSS satellites.

### HACKATHON@SG 2015

The Singapore Geospatial Challenge (SGC) was organised by SLA in partnership with the Ministry of Education (MOE), National Parks Board (NParks), Singapore University of Technology and Design (SUTD), as well as Esri Singapore and OneMaker Group to increase geospatial awareness in support of Singapore's Smart

Above and below: GeoHackathon 2015

## **3D MAPPING FOR A SMART NATION**

3D map data supports various Smart Nation initiatives such as heritage preservation, gaming and stimulations, urban planning and real estate.

### **VIRTUAL SINGAPORE**

As the national survey and mapping agency, SLA plays a significant role in contributing to Singapore's Smart Nation vision. Our 3D mapping project, which began in April 2014, is currently into its next phase. Street-level data capturing and modelling are expected to be completed by end-2016.

Two survey aircraft were deployed for the data collection. One aircraft was fitted with a LiDAR sensor using laser technology and another was equipped with an oblique camera system. A ground-based vehicle was also deployed using both technologies to map out street-level details. The street-level 3D data would eventually complete the whole 3D digital built environment and form a virtual experience. The massive amount of high quality



## **ENHANCEMENT TO STARS**

lodgment system which provides digital forms for lawyers to prepare and submit documents for land transactions online without the need to submit hard copies. In 2015, the electronic forms were enhanced with alerts to remind law firms that the addresses of parties for service of notice must be up-to-date and within Singapore. This year, more digital forms such as discharge of charge or mortgage and application to correct data will be introduced.

## **ENHANCEMENT TO STARS ELODGMENT SYSTEM**

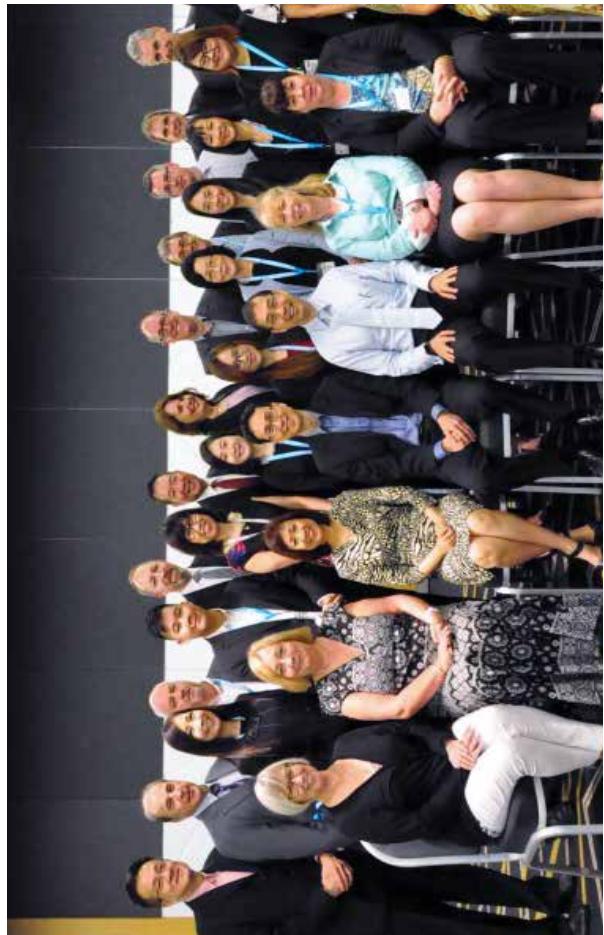
To better serve our customers, SLA continually reviews our processes and systems.

The STARS eLodgment system (ELS) is an online electronic

lodgment system which provides digital forms for lawyers to prepare and submit documents for land transactions online without the need to submit hard copies. In 2015, the electronic forms were enhanced with alerts to remind law firms that the addresses of parties for service of notice must be up-to-date and within Singapore. This year, more digital forms such as discharge of charge or mortgage and application to correct data will be introduced.

## **REGISTRARS OF TITLE CONFERENCE 2015**

The annual Registrars of Title Conference (ROTC) was held in



4,500 to 5,000 meals daily to the less fortunate in Singapore.

As part of SLA's school outreach initiative, the Land Sales and Acquisition Division spearheaded a Learning Enhancement Programme, reaching out to over 3,500 students from 13 different secondary schools. The pilot programme introduced students to SLA and its functions in the form of presentations, mini quizzes and Q&A sessions. Through this programme, many students learned about SLA for the first time and gained a better understanding of how land is managed by SLA and the need for land acquisition for national development projects in Singapore.

CELEBRATING 3G30

To mark Singapore's 50th birthday on 9 August 2015, SLA organised a retro carnival for the public at the historic Tanjong Pagar Railway Station, which was followed by a live screening of the National Day Parade. The nostalgia-rich event attracted 20,800 visitors who were



*left, right, and above: SHA celebrates SG50 at Tanjong Katong*



As part of our ongoing community engagement efforts, SLA



SLA Chief Executive and panelists at Land Matters Seminar 2015



Picnic in the Park non-lines

EDUCATING THE NEXT  
GENERATION ON LAND  
MATTERS

SLA worked with several educational institutions to heighten awareness of SLA's role in optimising land resources and managing State properties.

park. The event was organised to commemorate SLA's 15th anniversary and presented the perfect opportunity to demonstrate our organisation's commitment to environmental conservation at the same time. Our staff reforested a small area of the island, then went on a guided tour to explore the pristine natural environment and learn more about the island's environmental initiatives.

MEANINGFUL STAFF  
ENGAGEMENT

On 19 February 2016, over 80 SLA staff, including management, participated in a meaningful tree planting activity at Coney Island, Singapore's latest nature

GIVING BACK TO OUR COMMUNITY

Another initiative was the Picnic in the Park pop-ups, located at Sultan Gate and near Telok Ayer MRT Station. Picnic benches and swing sets were placed on vacant State land in the busy city area, transforming these places into We partnered with National University of Singapore's Department of Real Estate to use State properties as project case studies for the Advanced Real Estate Marketing module under the School of Design and Environment.



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about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

#### Opinion

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

31 March 2016 and the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Authority for the financial year ended on that date.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

#### Management's Responsibility for Compliance with Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Management is responsible for ensuring that the receipts, expenditure, investment of moneys and the acquisition and disposal of assets, are in accordance with the provisions of the Act. This responsibility includes implementing accounting and internal controls as management determines are necessary to enable compliance with the provisions of the Act.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's compliance based on our audit of the financial statements. We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing. We planned and performed the compliance audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the receipts, expenditure, investment of moneys and the acquisition and disposal of assets, are in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

of the financial statements from non-compliance, if any, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Because of the inherent limitations in any accounting and internal control system, non-compliances may nevertheless occur and not be detected.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on management's compliance.

#### Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the receipts, expenditure, investment of moneys and the acquisition and disposal of assets by the Authority during the year are, in all material respects, in accordance with the provisions of the Act; and
- (b) proper accounting and other records have been kept, including records of all assets of the Authority whether purchased, donated or otherwise.



PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants

Our compliance audit includes

In our opinion, the financial statements of the Authority are

Note	\$				
		Income	Expenditure	Surplus before grants	Government grants
4	7,019,492	4,085,400			
5	17,145,791	15,153,651			
6	5,750,000	5,750,000			
9	1,646,458	346,836			
	<b>31,561,741</b>	<b>25,335,887</b>			
			Expenditure on manpower		
			Maintenance of IT systems and services		
			Expenditure relating to agency functions		
			Rental expenses		
			Depreciation expense		
			Amortisation expense		
			Office maintenance, supplies and services		
			Project and professional fees		
			Assurance Fund Contribution		
			Other operating expenses		
			Total expenditure		
			<b>Operating surplus</b>		
			<b>Non-operating income - net</b>		
			Investment income - net		
			Other gains/(losses)		
			Total non-operating income - net		
			<b>Surplus before grants</b>		
			<b>Government grants</b>		
			Operating grants		
			Deferred capital grants amortised		
			Total government grants		
			<b>Surplus before contribution to Government Consolidated Fund</b>		
			Less: Contribution to Government Consolidated Fund		
			<b>Net surplus for the year</b>		

	Note	2015/2016	\$	2014/2015	\$
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>					
Net surplus		<b>9,148,768</b>	7,733,929	<b>1,310,881</b>	1,414,839
Adjustments for:					
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	4				
Amortisation of intangible assets	5				
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets - net	18				
Investment income - net	19				
Government grants					
Provision for pension	12				
Contribution to Government Consolidated Fund	14				
Assurance Fund Contribution	15				
Loss on remeasurement of asset held for sale	20				
Change in operating assets and liabilities:					
Trade debtors, prepayments and other receivables					
Asset classified as held for sale					
Trade and other payables					
Provision for pension	12				
Deposits relating to provision for Assurance Fund					
Cash generated from operations					
Contribution to Government Consolidated Fund					
Net cash generated from operating activities					
<b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</b>					
Receipts from maturity of held-to-maturity financial assets					
(Payments for purchase)/receipts from sale of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - net					
Interest received					
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment					
Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment					
Payments for purchase of intangible assets					
Net cash (used in)/provided by investing activities					
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>					
Government grants received					
Capital injection by Government	21				
Net cash provided by financing activities					

## 2.4 Income recognition

"Authority"), a Statutory Board under the Ministry of Law ("MinLaw"), was the Singapore Land Authority Act 2001 (No. 17 of 2001) (the "Act") on 1 June 2001. Its office is at 55 Newton Road #12-01, Revenue House, Singapore 307987.

Authority are to:

- the social and economic development of Singapore;
- buildings, land acquisitions, land sales and leases;
- et national land information;
- struments and deeds and approve cadastral surveys; and
- lential, commercial, educational, institutional, social and other related purposes.

changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

ss

have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Act and Statutory Standards ("SB-FRS") under the historical cost convention, accounting policies below.

timates and judgements

nd judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience ng expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the ority did not make any material judgements that have significant effect on the le financial statements.

dments to published accounting standards effective in 2015/2016

ority adopted the new or amended SB-FRS and Interpretations to SB-FRS ("INT

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the Authority and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following revenue is recognised.

- (a) Income from agency fees, service income, processing and rendering services are rendered.

- (b) Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

- (c) Extension charges are recognised in the financial period based on the extension period.

## 2.5 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are initially recognised at cost and subsequently accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The initial cost of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price, non-refundable purchase taxes and any costs that are directly attributable to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in that location.

Cost may include the projected cost of dismantlement, removal or re-use as a consequence of acquiring the asset.

Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipment added to the carrying amount of the asset only when it is probable that with the item will flow to the Authority and the cost of the item can and maintenance expenses are recognised in income and expenditure.

Assets taken over from the former land departments, namely Land Of Department and Land Systems Support Unit, and the existing Computer ("CISD") in MinLaw were valued on the following bases at the date of transfer:

- (a) Assets under construction were valued at cost.

- (b) Other assets were transferred at their book values.

Assets under construction represent computerisation projects, additional capitalised and are stated at cost. These include cost of hard under construction are not depreciated until such time as the relevant are put into operational use.

## ment and depreciation (continued)

mated useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted as  
nce sheet date. The effects of any revision are recognised in the income and  
ortisation

ed, which comprise computer software and application system, are initially  
includes the purchase price (net of any discounts and rebates) and other directly  
ing the asset for its intended use. Direct expenditure including employee costs,  
the performance of computer software beyond its specifications and which  
are added to the original cost of the software. Costs associated with maintaining  
e recognised as an expense when incurred.

xpently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment  
mortised to income and expenditure using the straight-line method over their  
three to five years.

represent computerisation projects which have been capitalised and are stated  
of software and other direct costs. Assets under construction are not depreciated  
avant phases are completed and the assets are put into operational use.

nd amortisation method of intangible assets are reviewed at least at each balance  
any revision are recognised in income and expenditure when the changes arise.  
sal of intangible assets are classified under 'other operating expenses' in income  
ial assets

e, property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are tested for impairment  
jective evidence or indication that these assets may be impaired.  
ment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost  
e) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate  
ely independent of those from other assets. If this is the case, the recoverable  
the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs.

nt of the asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the  
set (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount.

he carrying amount and recoverable amount is recognised as an impairment loss

## 2.8 Financial assets

### (a) Classification

The Authority classifies its financial assets within the scope of SI  
at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and held-to  
on the nature of the asset and the purpose for which the assets we  
the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition and in  
to-maturity, re-evaluates this classification at each balance sheet

#### (i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

This category has two sub-categories: financial assets held  
fair value through profit or loss at inception. A financial asset  
is acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short  
at fair value through profit or loss at inception are those that  
are evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a document  
are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designa  
are presented as current assets if they are either held for tr  
within 12 months after the balance sheet date.

#### (ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with  
are not quoted in an active market. They are presented as curr  
to be realised later than 12 months after the balance sheet da  
assets. Loans and receivables are presented as "trade debtors  
(Note 9) and "cash and cash equivalents" (Note 10) on the

#### (iii) Held-to-maturity financial assets

Held-to-maturity financial assets are non-derivative financi  
payments and fixed maturities that the Authority's manage  
ability to hold to maturity. If the Authority were to sell a si  
financial assets, the whole category would be tainted and it  
are presented as non-current assets, except for those maturit  
sheet date which are presented as current assets.

### (b) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognis  
the Authority commits to purchase or sell the asset).

<p>2.9 Cash and cash equivalents</p> <p>Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at bank, and by the fund manager and the Accountant-General's Department under 1 scheme for Statutory Boards and Ministries. The short-term deposit amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change if profit or loss are recognised immediately as expenses.</p>	<p>2.10 Financial liabilities</p> <p>Financial liabilities include trade payables to non-related and related payable on purchase of investments managed by the fund manager, and Financial liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet when and party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Fair value of consideration received less directly attributable transaction at amortised cost using the effective interest method.</p>	<p>Gains and losses are recognised in income and expenditure when well as through the amortisation process. The liabilities are derec the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired.</p>	<p>2.11 Provisions</p> <p>Provisions are recognised when the Authority has a present legal or past events, it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will and the amount has been reliably estimated.</p>	<p>Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditure e obligation using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current m of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the is recognised in income and expenditure as finance expense.</p>	<p>Changes in the estimated timing or amount of the expenditure or dis and expenditure when the changes arise.</p>
<p><u>2.12/Held-to-maturity financial assets</u></p> <p>Difficulties of the debtors, probability that the debtors will enter bankruptcy, and delay in payments are objective evidence that these financial assets are impaired. If these assets is reduced through the use of an impairment allowance account the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of estimated counted at the original effective interest rate. When the asset becomes uncollectible, the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written against the same line item in income and expenditure.</p>	<p>ance is reduced through income and expenditure in a subsequent period when net loss decreases and the related decrease can be objectively measured. The ie asset previously impaired is increased to the extent that the new carrying need the amortised cost had no impairment been recognised in prior periods.</p>				

cognised as an expense, unless the cost qualifies to be capitalised as an asset.

plans

employees' salaries are made to the Central Provident Fund ("CPF") as required

benefits are recognised as expenses in the period when the employees rendered

Authority has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

## 2.14 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in a currency other than Singapore Dollar ("foreign currency") using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Currencies from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation denominated in foreign currencies at the closing rates at the balance and expenditure.

Foreign exchange gains and losses impacting income and expenditure income'.

## 2.15 Leases

are post-employment benefit pension plans other than defined contribution plans.

les who are transferred from the Civil Service to the Authority when it was

> 2001 are entitled to pension benefits in accordance with the provisions of the

25, 2004 Revised Edition). Pension liability attributable to the services rendered

prior to the establishment of the Authority will be paid by the Government and

> Authority's provision of pension.

obligations due to the pensionable officers are determined based on the last

respective officers and the officers' cumulative service period served with the

of retirement.

benefits recognised in the balance sheet is estimated by management based

> defined benefits obligations performed by an independent firm of professional

ity's net obligation in respect of defined pension benefits due to the pensionable

separately for defined pension benefit plan by estimating the present value of

benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and

discount rate has been used by reference to the market yields on Singapore

and the calculation is performed taking into account factors such as mortality

ons and salary growth rate. As these assumptions may not be satisfied exactly

, a review is conducted once every three years.

ises arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions

ed to equity in other comprehensive income in the period when they arise.

ement

>nt to annual leave is recognised when it accrues to the employees. A provision

ited liability for unconsumed leave as a result of services rendered by employees

et date.

tion currency

## Operating leases – where the Authority is the lessee

Leases where substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership

classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases

(from the lessors) are recognised in the income and expenditure on a

the lease.

Contingent rents are recognised as an expense in income and expenditure

## 2.16 Government grants

Grants from the Government are recognised as a receivable at the time

assurance that the grant will be received and the Authority will comply

Government grants receivable are recognised as income over the period

the related costs which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic

Government grants relating to assets are credited to a deferred income

amount is released to income and expenditure over the expected useful

## 2.17 Contribution to Government Consolidated Fund

In lieu of income tax, the Authority is required to make contribution to the

in accordance with the Statutory Corporations (Contributions to Capital)

contribution to the Fund is made based on the prevailing statutory corporation

as an expense in income and expenditure when incurred.

#### action

#### 4 Property, plant and equipment

overnment for capital projects, in accordance with the Capital Management for Statutory Boards, is recognised in the financial year when the Authority's of Law approves the claims for reimbursement of capital expenditure.

for sale

lassified as an asset held for sale and carried at the lower of its carrying amount to sell, if its carrying amount is recovered principally through a sale transaction, using use. The asset is not depreciated while it is classified as held for sale. Any classification and subsequent write-down to fair value less costs to sell is e. Any gain for subsequent increase in fair value less costs to sell (but not in d) computerisation projects were transferred at net book value to the Authority values of these assets were settled by loan, cash and grant, and the remaining r the Government. The shares are held by the Minister for Finance, the body or Finance (Incorporation) Act. Based on the Capital Management Framework ill draw on accumulated surpluses and existing equity, debt, or additional equity , to fund capital projects. In return for the equity, the Government expects an dends. The dividends would be based on the cost of equity applied to the equity investments the Authority had made to build additional capacity, and be capped nting surplus.

or. Any gain for subsequent increase in fair value less costs to sell (but not in d) computerisation projects were transferred at net book value to the Authority values of these assets were settled by loan, cash and grant, and the remaining r the Government. The shares are held by the Minister for Finance, the body or Finance (Incorporation) Act. Based on the Capital Management Framework ill draw on accumulated surpluses and existing equity, debt, or additional equity , to fund capital projects. In return for the equity, the Government expects an dends. The dividends would be based on the cost of equity applied to the equity investments the Authority had made to build additional capacity, and be capped nting surplus.

managing capital are to safeguard the Authority's ability to continue as a going imal capital structure so as to maximise value. In order to maintain or achieve e Authority considers its future capital requirements, prevailing and projected | capital expenditure and projected strategic investment opportunities.

externally imposed capital requirements.

Furniture and fittings, office equipment and office renovation

	Cost	\$	\$	\$	\$
At 1 April 2014	7,224,214	9,662,708	560,304		
Additions	-	667,264	-		
Disposals	(46,663)	(180,941)	-		
Reclassifications	-	470,003	-		
At 31 March 2015	7,177,551	10,619,034	560,304		
Additions	5,422	3,342,035	-		
Disposals	(17,788)	(559,394)	-		
Reclassifications	-	1,608,351	-		
Reclassification from intangible assets	-	18,000	-		
<b>At 31 March 2016</b>	<b>7,165,185</b>	<b>15,028,026</b>	<b>560,304</b>		
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>					
At 1 April 2014	6,445,741	7,233,896	283,381		
Additions	624,128	1,089,986	65,760		
Disposals	(46,018)	(174,131)	-		
At 31 March 2015	7,023,851	8,149,751	349,141		
Additions	77,196	1,586,455	65,759		
Disposals	(17,047)	(551,557)	-		
<b>At 31 March 2016</b>	<b>7,084,000</b>	<b>9,184,649</b>	<b>414,900</b>		
<u>Net book value</u>					
<b>At 31 March 2016</b>	<b>81,185</b>	<b>5,843,377</b>	<b>145,404</b>		
At 31 March 2015	153,700	2,469,283	211,163		

## 6 Held-to-maturity financial assets

	Software and application systems	Assets under construction	Total	
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Int and equipment				
	43,366,247	528,649	43,894,896	
	143,800	6,366,592	6,510,392	
	(104,457)	-	(104,457)	
	4,234,102	(4,234,102)	-	
	47,639,692	2,661,139	50,300,831	
	2,329,028	4,720,709	7,049,737	
	(680,995)	-	(680,995)	
	4,639,386	(4,639,386)	-	
	(18,000)	(18,000)	(18,000)	
	<b>53,909,111</b>	<b>2,742,462</b>	<b>56,651,573</b>	
	30,721,575	-	30,721,575	
	4,509,330	-	4,509,330	
	(83,725)	-	(83,725)	
	35,147,180	-	35,147,180	
	5,003,359	-	5,003,359	
	(644,757)	-	(644,757)	
	<b>39,505,782</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>39,505,782</b>	
	<b>14,403,329</b>	<b>2,742,462</b>	<b>17,145,791</b>	
	12,492,512	2,661,139	15,153,651	

As at 31 March 2016, the maturity dates of the bonds held range from 2' (31 March 2015: 21 November 2018 to 18 March 2021). They are classified under SB-FRS 39 and the accounting policies of these financial assets are At the balance sheet date, the fair value of the held-to-maturity financial March 2015: \$5,808,200). The fair values are based on quoted market price 2 of fair value hierarchy (see Note 24.4).

## 7 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

As at 31 March 2016, the financial assets designated as at fair value through an external fund manager. The financial assets are managed in accordance investment mandate.

Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss at inception

Quoted securities:  
Fixed income  
Treasury bills  
Equities

Others:

## nts

## 10 Cash and cash equivalents

y the fund manager are foreign currency contracts. As part of risk management  
tracts are entered by the fund manager for hedging purposes. The foreign  
gnated as hedging instruments in the financial statements. As at balance sheet  
ne foreign currency contracts held by the fund manager are as follows:

	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
	\$	\$
	<b>74,405,634</b>	<b>15,871,677</b>
2,555,218	117,334	
-	(197,270)	
	<b>2,555,218</b>	<b>(79,936)</b>

### and other receivables

	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
	\$	\$
of debtors (Note 24.3)		
	<b>16,383,668</b>	<b>11,475,146</b>
	-	(323)
	<b>16,383,668</b>	<b>11,474,823</b>
	<b>680,055</b>	<b>548,097</b>
	<b>452,782</b>	<b>129,390</b>
	<b>3,399,271</b>	<b>926,655</b>
	<b>1,800,000</b>	<b>1,800,000</b>
	<b>2,347,686</b>	<b>1,105,628</b>
	<b>89,960</b>	<b>37,475</b>
	<b>25,153,422</b>	<b>16,022,068</b>
	<b>23,506,964</b>	<b>15,675,232</b>
e than five years	<b>1,646,458</b>	<b>346,836</b>
	<b>25,153,422</b>	<b>16,022,068</b>

Cash and deposits (as above)

Deposits relating to Provision for Assurance Fund (Note 15)

Cash and cash equivalents per the statement of cash flows

## 11 Trade and other payables

Trade payables
Other payables and accruals
Payable on purchase of investments managed by the fund manager (Note 7)
Retention payable
Deferred income and grants
Deposits payable

Not later than one year  
Later than one year but not more than five years

### 13 Deferred capital grants

	31 March 2016	\$	31 March 2015	\$
ations	1,890,306	2,529,314		
	2,529,314	2,580,911		
	78,664	124,937		
efit obligations recognised in e than five years	<b>(516,578)</b>	-		
	(201,094)	(176,534)		
	<b>1,890,306</b>	2,529,314		
	173,063	462,409		
	<b>1,717,243</b>	2,066,905		
	<b>1,890,306</b>	2,529,314		

ime and expenditure are as follows:

45,947	61,153	
32,717	63,784	
<b>78,664</b>	124,937	

In determining the Authority's pension obligations are:

il Service Pension Fund ("CSPF") scheme will retire at the exact age of 62,

ion fund is 1.66% for active members and 2.82% for retirees (2014/2015: 2.49%  
ees) per annum and the expected rate of salary increase is 4% (2014/2015: 4%)

n Singapore 04-08 Mortality Table.

5 basis point) change in discount rate or rate of salary increase would not have  
ment of comprehensive income or the defined benefit obligation as at balance

### 13 Deferred capital grants

Balance at beginning of year	
Grants received during the year	
Amortisation to income and expenditure	

### 14 Contribution to Government Consolidated Fund

In lieu of income tax, the Authority is required to make contribution to th  
accordance with the Statutory Corporations (Contributions to Consolidated  
to the Fund is made based on the prevailing statutory corporate income ta  
(2014/2015: 17%).

### 15 Provision for Assurance Fund

Balance at beginning of year	
Provision for the year	
Balance at end of year	

The Assurance Fund is established in accordance with Section 151(1) of 1  
the fees collected by the Registrar under the Act is set apart to constitut  
for Assurance Fund at 31 March 2016 amounted to \$31,764,753 (31 March  
utilised in accordance with this Act. The amount in this fund is placed as de  
Department (Note 10).

## 19 Investment income - net

	2015/2016	2014/2015
Interest	<b>47,235,524</b>	44,784,230
6,728,138	5,657,265	
1,160,627	1,051,761	
961,482	985,650	
78,664	124,937	
<b>    56,164,435</b>	<b>52,603,843</b>	

by functions  
expenses are:

	2015/2016	2014/2015
Interest	<b>15,740,875</b>	13,616,050
35,023,165	31,856,369	
2,047,350	2,457,370	
(3,938)	915	
38,080	6,076	
<b>    52,845,532</b>	<b>47,936,780</b>	
(34,504,383)	(31,851,691)	
<b>        18,341,149</b>	<b>16,085,089</b>	

Loss on remeasurement of asset held for sale and other related expenses  
Other gains  
Other gains/(losses)

	2015/2016	2014/2015
Trade debtors	<b>43,222</b>	12,035
-	323	
1,720,062	1,201,018	
79,068	44,825	
<b>        48,621</b>	<b>45,610</b>	

expenses are:  
s on trade debtors (Note 24.3)  
communication expenses

The Authority recorded a loss of \$164,100 (2014/2015: \$290,000) on remeasurement costs to sell as at 31 March 2016 of \$1,245,900 (31 March 2015: \$1, completed by 31 August 2016.

## 21 Equity injection and special contribution

The Capital Management Framework is extended to the Authority in 2015/2016, a further \$1,310,881 (2014/2015: \$1,414,839)

## 23 Related party transactions (continued)

### (a) Remuneration of key management personnel (continued)

ed for future capital expenditure at the balance sheet date but not recognised in as follows:

**31 March 2016**    **31 March 2015**

<b>ed for</b>	\$	\$
	<b>8,625,894</b>	10,584,250

ts

sses  
ble under non-cancellable operating leases contracted for at the balance sheet abilities are as follows:

**31 March 2016**    **31 March 2015**

e than five years	\$	\$
	<b>8,328,233</b>	8,812,474
	<b>4,927,709</b>	12,745,130
	<b>13,255,942</b>	21,557,604

Irship Programme and Education Scheme, the Authority has an obligation to fund educational expenses. At the balance sheet date, the total committed expenditure (14/2015: \$464,165).

ement personnel

Key management personnel are those persons having the authority and controlling the activities of the Authority. The Chairman, Board Member (Chief Executive, Deputy Chief Executive and Directors) are considered Authority.

### (b) Sale and purchase of goods and services

Related parties refer to Ministries, Organs of State and other statutory requirements of SB-FRS and may be individuals or corporate entities if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are subject to common control or common significant influence.

During the financial year, the Authority had significant transactions with and other related parties listed below:

<b>Income</b>
Agency fees/grants/reimbursements
- Ministry of Law
- Land Transport Authority
- Ministry of National Development

Title registration, search and survey fees  
- Housing and Development Board

**Expenditure**  
Rental of premises and valuation services  
- Inland Revenue Authority of Singapore

Land/properties management and maintenance services  
- Housing and Development Board  
- Sentosa Development Corporation  
- National Parks Board

IT services

## continued)

## 24 Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

are no transactions (31 March 2015: \$117,260) relating to professional services in which a member of the Authority's Board in 2015/2016 has an interest.

### objectives and policies

variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, price risk and interest rate risk). For the funds placed with the fund manager, the exposure to market risk is the principal protected nature of the approved investment mandate. The risk manager and manage the Authority's exposure to these financial risks which are

posure to currency risk arising from the investments denominated in foreign currencies. The foreign currency exposure has been significantly reduced through hedges and the foreign currency risk is not expected to have any material impact on the financial year.

gn currencies exchange rates (on the residual foreign currencies not hedged) and impact on the net surplus for the years ended 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2015.

used to equity securities price as a result of the investments in quoted equity classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. The securities are countries:

#### 24.1 Market risk (continued)

##### (c) Interest rate risk

The surplus funds are managed internally by the Authority and placed for investments. These investments include investments in fixed rate instruments with which the cash are deposited and are expected to be held until maturity.

A 50 bsp change in interest rates would not have a material impact ended 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2015.

#### 24.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises in the general funding of the Authority's operations being able to fund operating activities at settlement dates and at reasonable price. The Authority monitors its liquidity risk and maintains adequate liquidity to finance operations.

The following table analyses the maturity profile of the Authority's firm discounted cash flows:

	Within 1 year	After with \$
<b>At 31 March 2016</b>		
Trade and other payables	30,142,333	

	Within 1 year	After with \$
<b>At 31 March 2015</b>		
Trade and other payables	31,638,456	

#### 24.3 Credit risk

	\$	\$
168,641	787,141	
1,162,433	812,835	
2,834,841	2,496,754	
<b>4,165,915</b>	<b>4,096,730</b>	

The Authority's exposure to credit risk is primarily attributable to its cash trade debtors and other receivables. Cash and cash equivalents € Accountant-General's Department, whilst the financial assets at fair value by the fund manager of a high credit-rating financial institution. The credit rating.

Objectives and policies (continued)

24 Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

## 24.4 Fair value measurements

that the Authority is exposed to is represented by the carrying amounts of its  
in the balance sheet.

financial assets that is past due and/or impaired except for trade debtors

	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
	\$	\$
16,383,178	11,474,823	
490	-	
	<b>16,383,668</b>	<b>11,474,823</b>

Trade debtors individually determined to be receivables past due but not impaired as at 31 December 2017 amounted to R 1 000 000.

	31 March 2016	31 March 2015	\$	\$
irment				
	-	-	323	-
			(323)	
ar				
	323			
	(323)			
3)				
:e 9)				

The Authority classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy is:

- (i) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets
  - (ii) inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are either directly (ie as prices) or indirectly (ie derived from prices) (L<sub>1</sub>)
  - (iii) inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable (Level 3).

The following table presents the financial assets measured at fair value measurement hierarchy:

Level 1	\$	Lev
<b>At 31 March 2016</b>		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4,165,915	74.5
Derivative financial instruments	-	2.5
<b>At 31 March 2015</b>		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	13,085,420	16.0
Derivative financial instruments	-	(7)

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as bills) is determined based on quoted current bid prices at the balance sheet date included in Level 1.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active securities market is based on prices quoted by dealers. These instruments are

No financial instruments of the Authority are included in Level 3 as at

## **Objectives and policies (continued)**

### **Category**

ounts of the different categories of financial instruments are as follows:

	<b>31 March 2016</b>	<b>31 March 2015</b>
	\$	\$
assets	5,750,000	5,750,000
ue through profit or loss	78,706,861	29,117,444
ments - assets	2,555,218	117,334
	<b>212,664,800</b>	<b>236,707,237</b>
ments - liabilities	-	197,270
rtised cost	31,037,130	32,563,724

### **Standards and interpretations**

mdments to existing standards that have been published, and are relevant for  
ds beginning on or after 1 April 2016 or later periods and which the Authority has

Inning on or after 1 January 2016

Id SB-FRS 38: Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation  
Noncurrent Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations  
Financial Instruments: Disclosures  
Employee Benefits  
closure Initiative

Inning on or after 1 January 2017

ontracts with Customers

Inning on or after 1 January 2018

ents

at the adoption of the above standards and amendments in the future periods will



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